Volume: 3 | Issue: 4 | May-Jun 2019 Available Online: www.ijtsrd.com e-ISSN: 2456 - 6470

# **Review on Aloe Vera**

## Arup Jyoti Pegu<sup>1</sup>, Mrs. Ankita Sharma<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Pharmacy Graduate, <sup>2</sup>Assistant Professor and Researcher, <sup>1,2</sup>Faculty of Pharmaceutical Science, Mewar University, Chittorgarh, Rajasthan, India

*How to cite this paper*: Arup Jyoti Pegu | Mrs. Ankita Sharma "Review on Aloe Vera" Published in International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and

Development (ijtsrd), ISSN: 2456-6470, Volume-3 | Issue-4, June 2019, pp.35-40, URL: https://www.ijtsrd.c om/papers/ijtsrd23 541.pdf



Copyright © 2019 by author(s) and International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development Journal. This is an Open Access article

distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons



Attribution License (CC BY 4.0) (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/ by/4.0)

#### ABSTRACT

The Aloe Vera plant has been known and utilized for centuries for its wellbeing, magnificence, therapeutic and skin care properties. There are over300 species of aloe, which develops basically within the dry districts of Africa, Asia, Europe and America. Aloe Vera could be a characteristic item that's presently a day regularly utilized within the field of cosmetology. In spite of the fact that there are different signs for its utilize, controlled trials are required to decide its genuine viability. The aloe Vera plant, its properties, component of activity and clinical employments are briefly looked into in this article. The Aloe plant is utilized as a dietary supplement in an assortment of nourishments and as an fixing in restorative items. The far reaching human introduction and its potential harmful and carcinogenic exercises raise security concerns. Chemical examination uncovers that the Aloe plant contains different polysaccharides and phenolic chemicals, outstandingly anthraquinones. Ingestion of Aloe arrangements is related with the runs, hypokalemia, pseudomelanosis coli, kidney disappointment. Aloe Vera can be utilized in different conditions like Gentle to direct burns, Erythema, Genital herpes, Seborrheic dermatitis, Psoriasis vulgaris, Skin moisturizer, Sort 2 diabetes, Verbal lichen planus diseases, Angina pectoris, Ulcerative colitis, UV-induced erythema, Kidney stones and Alveolar osteitis. In common, topical application of aloe Vera arrangements has been respected as secure as evaluated by the Corrective Fixing Audit Master Board. Be that as it may, a few case reports of the advancement of touchiness responses and contact dermatitis in reaction to topically connected aloe gel arrangements have been distributed.

Development

## **INTRODUCTION**

Aloe Vera may be an exceptionally compelling and imperative home grown plant in numerous other plants, it gives SO numerous restorative exercises and pharmacological impacts for human creatures and creature. Aloe Vera also is utilized for restorative application completely different framework of our societies. [1]. Aloe Vera could be a tough, lasting, tropical, drought-resistant, juicy plant .The aloe Vera has delivered the gigantic conventional part in endemic framework of rules of pharmaceutical such as the Siddha, Unani, Ayurveda and Homeopathy. [2] Aloe Vera may be a standard, dry spell debate, sticky plant. The aloe title is starts from the Arabic "Alloeh" or Hebrew "Halal" implies heightening Sparkly master. It has conveyed a considerable routine portion in inborn course of action of pharmaceutical system like Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homoeopathy.[3] Aloe barbadensis process administrator could be a semi tropical plant is one of the 250 sorts of Aloe Vera. Aloe Vera (/'æloui:/ or /'ælou/) could be a juicy plant species of the class Aloe. An evergreen lasting, it begins from the Middle Eastern Promontory but develops wild in tropical climates around the world and is developed for rural and therapeutic employments. The species is additionally utilized for enriching purposes and develops effectively inside as a pruned plant.[4] Directly, the utilize of aloe Vera has picked

Keywords: Aloe Vera, health, ethno-botany, commercial uses, bioactive chemicals

up notoriety since of home grown development started by naturopaths, yoggurus, elective medication promoters and all encompassing healers. The industry estimate for aloe crude fabric is assessed to be about \$125 million dollars. The volume of the industry for wrapped up items containing aloe Vera is affirmed to be around \$110 billion dollars [5]. 2000 a long time prior, the Greek researchers respected Aloe Vera as the all inclusive nostrum. The Egyptians called Aloe "the plant of immortality." Nowadays, the Aloe Vera plant has been utilized for different purposes in dermatology. .[6],[7],[8],[9],[10] Numerous reports of Aloe Vera gel features a profitable activity on the harm recovering in both normal and diabetic rats. The most common wide utilize of Aloe Vera as a cure to upgrade the action of wound recuperating and other restorative activities. Its instrument in recuperating of wounds has not been examined in detail. The Aloe vera is most vital and valuable plant within the home grown drugs fabricating and other detailing its gives valuable and profitable compounds.

## Description

Aloe Vera could be a stem less or exceptionally shortstemmed plant developing to 60–100 cm (24–39 in) tall, spreading by offsets. The clears out are thick and plump, green to grey-green, with a few assortments appearing white International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (IJTSRD) @ www.ijtsrd.com eISSN: 2456-6470

bits on their upper and lower stem surfaces.[11] The edge of the leaf is serrated and has little white teeth. The blooms are delivered in summer on a spike up to 90 cm (35 in) tall, each bloom being pendulous, with a yellow tubular corolla 2–3 cm (0.8–1.2 in) long.[11][12] Like other Aloe species, Aloe Vera shapes arbuscular mycorrhiza, a beneficial interaction that permits the plant way better get to to mineral supplements in soil.[13].

#### **Botany of Aloe Vera**

The cactus-like juicy aloe Vera has a place to the sort of the liliaceous plants. The plant is either stem-less or exceptionally short-stemmed (stem up to 25 cm long) with an normal approximately 20 takes off in a straight, thick rosette. The clears out develop to up to 40 - 50 cm long and 6 - 7 cm wide. The takes off are or maybe thick, beefy, water holding; concave on the beat side, grey-green frequently ruddy and youthful plants are frequently dotted. The underside of the leaf is curved with a pale pink edge that's dressed with 2 mm long prickly teeth dispersed at each 10 - 20 mm. One leaf can weigh as much as 1.5 to 2 kg. The juicy leaf of the aloe is an adjustment to the exceptionally dry conditions of its living space. The roots of the aloe are generally brief and lay flat implanted within the earth. [14]

#### Plants



The botanical title of Aloe Vera is Aloe barbadensis mill operator. It has a place to Asphodelaceae (Liliaceae) family, and may be a shrubby or arborescent, perpetual, xerophytic, juicy, pea- green colour plant. It develops primarily within the dry locales of Africa, Asia, Europe and America. In India, it is found in Rajasthan, Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu. Leaves



Aloe Vera takes off are lance-shaped with serrated edges. The clears out are:

- 1. Beefy thick.
- 2. Green or grey-greenish.
- 3. Waxy coated on the surface.
- 4. Value juicy, meaning they can keep their shape due to the moist.

The clears out contain water (the gel) and are float on the beat side, and adjusted at the foot side. In youthful clears out of Aloe Vera spots are pale green to white. When the Aloe Vera develops up, the spots vanish. Be that as it may, a few species will not free their spots, which is due to hereditary factors. [22]

Taxonomy Kingdom- Plantae Order- Asparagales Division- Spermatophyte Subdivision- Angiospermae Class- Monocotyledoneae Genus- Aloe 245 Species- Barbadensis Mill [15]

> The species was to begin with depicted by Carl Linnaeus in 1753 as Aloe perfoliata var. Vera, [16] and was portrayed once more in 1768 by Nicolas Laurens Burman as Aloe Vera in Greenery Indicia on 6 April and by Philip Mill operator as Aloe barbadensis a few ten days after Burman within the Gardener's Dictionary.[17]

## Synonyms

Aloe, Musabbar, Kumari

#### **Biological source**

Aloe is the dried latex of leaves of various species of Aloes, namely:

Aloe barbadensis Miller (or Curacao Aloe);

Aloe ferox Miller (or Cape Aloe);

Aloe perryi Baker (or Socotrine Aloe);

Aloe Africana Miller and Aloe spicata Baker (or Cape Aloe) All these species belong to the family Liliaceae. [18]

Aloe Vera is Comprising of the new juice collected by entry point, from the bases of the clears out of distinctive species of aloe. Aloe perryi, or Aloe Barbadensis Mil and Aloe ferox. [19]

#### Family

It's belonging to the Liliaceae family

#### International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (IJTSRD) @ www.ijtsrd.com eISSN: 2456-6470

Aloe perryi Bread cook is found in Socotra and Zanzibar islands and in there neighbouring ranges and so the aloes get from this species is known as Socortrine or Zanzibar aloe. Aloe Vera Linn is something else called Aloe vulgarise Lamarek, or Aloe barbadensis Mil. Aloe officinalis Forskal.

#### **Geographical Source**

Aloe vera are innate to East and South Africa, however have been brought into the West Indies and into topical countries, and will indeed flourish within the countries skirting on the Mediterranena. In India, it is found in Rajasthan, Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Maharashtra, UK, Himachal Pradesh, and Tamil Nadu, It is financially created in Aruba, Bonaire, Haiti,

#### Active components with its properties

India, South Africa, the Joined together of America and Venezula.[20]

## Morphology

Taste	: - Bitter
Odour	: - None
Size & Shape	: - Plant growing to 60-100cm in lance-
	shaped with elongated.
Strands Colour	: - Leaves are green to grey- green flower.
Flower	: - Yellow tubular in 25-35cm in a slender
	loose staments.
Root	: - Root fibbers that can reach 30-40 cm in
	length. [21]

Name of the	Active components present in Aloe vera with properties
Active component	
Vitamins	Vitamin A (beta-carotene), C and E, - antioxidants. It also contains vitamin B1, B2, B6 & B12,
	folic acid, and choline.
	*Antioxidants protect the body by neutralizing free radicals.
Enzymes	Aliiase, alkaline phosphatase, amylase, oxidase, bradykinase, carboxypeptidase, catalase,
	cellulase, lipase, cylooxygenase, and peroxidase.
	*Bradykinase helps to reduce excessive inflammation when applied to the skin topically, while
	the other enzymes help in the breakdown of sugars, proteins and fats.
Minerals	Calcium, chromium, copper, selenium, magnesium, manganese, potassium, sodium and zinc.
	*Some of the minerals are essential for the proper functioning of various enzyme systems in
	different metabolic pathways and few acts as antioxidants.
Sugars	Monosaccharides (glucose and fructose) and polysaccharides (glucomannans/polymannose).
	*The most prominent monosaccharide is mannose-6-phosphate, and the most common
	polysaccharides are called glucomannans [beta-(1,4)-acetylated mannan].
	*Acemannan, a prominent glucomannan has also been found. Recently, a glycoprotein with anti
	allergic properties, called alprogen and novel anti-inflammatory compound, C-glucosyl
	chromone, has been isolated from <i>Aloe vera</i> gel <sup>15,16</sup> .
Organic acids	Sorbate, salicylic acid, uric acid
	*salicylic acid possesses anti-inflammatory and antibacterial properties.
Anthraquinones	Aloin, barbaloin, isobarbaloin, anthranol, aloetic acid, aloe-emodin, ester of cinnamic acid,
	resistannol, chrysophannic acid and emodin,
	* Acts as laxatives.
	*Aloin and emodin act as analgesics, antibacterials and antivirals.

Aloe Vera contains 75 potentially active constituents: vitamins, enzymes, minerals, sugars, lignin, saponins, salicylic acids and amino acids.[23–24]

**Vitamins:** It contains vitamins A (beta-carotene), C and E, which are cancer prevention agents. It moreover contains vitamin B12, folic corrosive, and choline. Antioxidant neutralizes free radicals.

**Enzymes:** It contains 8 chemicals: aliiase, antacid phosphatase, amylase, bradykinase, carboxypeptidase, catalase, cellulase, lipase, and peroxidase. Bradykinase makes a difference to diminish over the top irritation when connected to the skin topically, whereas others offer assistance within the breakdown of sugars and fats.

**Minerals:** It gives calcium, chromium, copper, selenium, magnesium, manganese, potassium, sodium and zinc. They are fundamental for the correct functioning of different chemical frameworks in numerous metabolic pathways and few are antioxidants.

**Sugars:** It gives monosaccharide's (glucose and fructose) and polysaccharides: (glucomannans/polymannose). These are determined from the mucilage layer of the plant and are known as mucopolysaccharides. The foremost conspicuous monosaccharide is mannose-6-phosphate, and the foremost

common polysaccharides are called glucomannans [beta-(1,4)-acetylated mannan]. Acemannan, a unmistakable glucomannan has too been found. As of late, a glycoprotein with antiallergic properties, called alprogen and novel antiinflammatory compound, C-glucosyl chromone, has been confined from Aloe Vera gel. [25, 26]

## **Mechanism of actions**

**Mending properties:** Glucomannan, a mannose-rich polysaccharide, and gibberellin, a development hormone, interatomic with development figure receptors on the fibroblast, subsequently fortifying its action and multiplication, which in turn essentially increments collagen amalgamation after topical and verbal Aloe Vera.[27] Aloe gel not as it were expanded collagen substance of the wound but moreover changed collagen composition (more sort III) and expanded the degree of collagen cross connecting. Due to this, it quickened wound withdrawal and expanded the breaking quality of coming about scar tissue.[28] An expanded blend of hyaluronic corrosive and dermatan sulfate within the granulation tissue of a mending wound taking after verbal or topical treatment has been reported.[29]

Anti-Diabetic: The five Phytosterols of Aloe Vera, lophenol, 24-methyl-lophenol, 24-ethyl-lophenol, cycloartanol and 24-

methy-lenecycloartanol illustrated unfriendly to diabetic impacts in sort 2 diabetic mice. Aloe Vera contains polysaccharides which grow the affront level and appear hypoglycaemia Properties. [30]

**Effects on the Immune system**: Alprogen smothered calcium drenching into shaft cells, in this way covering the antigen-antiboby-interceded entry of histamine tamine and leukotriene from shaft cells. In a ponder on mice that had previously been inserted with murine sarcoma cells acemannan enlivens the mix and entry of interleukin-1 (IL-1) and tumour rotting variable from macrophages in mice, which thus started a safe strike that accomplished debasement and backslide of the harming cells.[31]

**Antiseptic effect**: Aloe Vera contains 6 sterile specialists: Lupeol, salicylic corrosive, urea nitrogen, cinnamonic corrosive, phenols and sulfur. They all have inhibitory activity on organisms, microbes and viruses. [32]

Anti-Cancer Properties: The Aloe Vera created an critical part in cancer-causing nature has not been evaluated well. The consistent abuse of anthranoid-containing intestinal solutions has been hypothesized to accept a portion in colorectal tumour, be that because it may, no causal social between anthranoid diuretic abuse and colorectal danger has been displayed and have Aloe Vera juice empowers the body to recuperate itself from besides the fiendishness brought on by radio and chemotherapy that devastate solid sound secure resistant cells essential for the recovery. [33]

#### **Chemical Constituents**

The foremost basic energetic boss constituents of Aloe Vera are the three isomeric of Alones, Barboloin and Isobarbaloin, which constitute the purported crystalline Aalin, show within the pharmaceutical at from 10 to 30% constituent are unclear Aaloin, sap, emodin and Aloe-emodin. The vital bunch, complex sugars (among which acemannan rises) are interior the takes off gel and have an insusceptible empowering action. Following are the anthraquinoes, contained within the fringe part of the skin, with a strong laxative action. in conclusion are a couple of substances with a wide cluster of exercises, for case, minerals, vitamins, vital, unnecessary and semi-vital amino acids, normal acids, phospholipids, proteins, lignin and saponins.[34]

#### **Pharmacological Activity of Aloe Vera**

A number of investigations have attempted to relate the chemical constituents in the gel to specific biological effects.

**Wound-healing effects**: Different mechanisms have been proposed for the wound-healing effects of aloe gel, which include keeping the wound moist, increase epithelial cell migration, more rapid maturation of collagen and reduction in inflammation.[35]

**Anti-Tumour Activity**: Different glycoproteins are available in Aloe Vera. in this manner keeping the arrangement of possibly disease starting benzopyrene-DNA adducts In the provoking of glutathione s-transferase and an impediment of the tumor-promating effects of phorbol myristic acidic corrosive deduction has in like manner been represented which propos possible favorable circumstances of using aloe gel as a piece of cancer'[36]

**Aloe gel:** The gel or mucilage gotten from the tissue of the leaf is 99% water at pH 4.5. The constituent polysaccharide

glucomannan is an successful human skin moisturizer, which accounts for its utilize in numerous cosmetics.[37]

Aloe Vera is best known for its relieving and mending impacts on burn and other wounds. Aloe Vera when connected to a wound increments both the rate of wound closure and the malleable quality of the wound by means of the expansion of cells [38]. It does so by quickening the stream of blood towards the injured region. Aloe is the leading wound dressing ever discovered.[39]

## **Cultivation and Collection**

There are more than 250 species of aloe develop around the over in world. Be that because it may, fair two species are created nowadays mechanically, with Aloe barbadensis Mill operator and Aloe aborescens being the foremost prevalent. The Aloe Vera plant is developed in warm tropical domains and cannot survive setting temperatures. It is an evergreen never-ending creating to 0.8 m by 1 m at a moderate rate. The plants slant toward light (sandy) and medium (loamy) soil requires all around drained soil can create in healthfully destitute soil. The plant slants toward destructive, nonpartisan and fundamental (fundamental) soil. It can't create in shade. It requires dry or clammy soil and can persevere dry spell. They are xerophytic plant. It can be multiplied by seed. Youthful equalization are planted within the soil after the whirling season in lines organized at a separation of 60m. In the moment year takes off are gathered by nearby individuals by ensuring their hands in light of the prickly strategy for takes off. The clears out are cut near to the base, kept inside light fuel tins and taken them to a central spot for the course of action of aloe. Juice of aloe is accessible in parenchymatous cells of pericycle that are cement cell. In a single section point cement cells apply. [40]

## JSES

Aloe Vera is anthelmintic, cathartic, carminative, deobstuent, depurative, diuretic, stomachic, and emmenagoge. Juice is utilized as a portion of sound skin medicine, dyspepsia, amenorrhea, smolders, colic, hyperdenosis, hepatopathy, splenopathy, hindrance, run, menorrhea, stomach, tumors, dropsy carbunles, sciatica, lumbago and tooting. Aloe Vera gel is exceptionally valuable in ulcerative colitis and weight ulcers. [41]

- Mild to moderate burns.
- ➢ Erythema.
- Genital herpes.
- Seborrheic dermatitis.
- Psoriasis vulgaris.
- Skin moisturizer.
- ➢ Type 2 diabetes.
- Oral lichen planus infections.
- Angina pectoris.
- Ulcerative colitis.



Fig: Aloe Vera Leaves.

## International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (IJTSRD) @ www.ijtsrd.com eISSN: 2456-6470

## Conclusion

I was examined approximately the as well much data of home grown plant i.e Aloe Vera. It could be a particular plant, it appear different sorts of exercises in therapeutic time .so it play an imperative part in pharmaceutical field. Aloe Vera and its arrangement have been broadly utilized as a pharmaceutical since old times. Different investigates have been conducted to demonstrate the viability of aloe Vera in different wellbeing issues. The dynamic fixing covered up in its juicy clears out have the control to alleviate human life and wellbeing in a heap ways. Aloe Vera as the ponder plant is different from being an clean, ant-inflammatory operator, makes a difference in soothing like cancer and diabetes, and being a restorative field.

## Reference

- [1] Himes S, Sharma S, Mishra K, Singhai A.K and Chaubey N; Qualitative & Quantitative profile of alone isolated from Aloe Vera. International Research Journal of Pharmacy, 2011; 2(9):121-122.
- [2] Baby J, Justin SR. Pharmacognostic and phytochemical properties of Aloe Vera linn –an overview. International journal of pharmaceutical sciences review and research 2010; 4:106.
- [3] Benefits of Aloe Vera Plant, Aloe Vera Juice & Aloe Vera Products. Knowledge Base Script.2009; 1-7. Available from: www.knowledgepublisher.com. Das N, Chattopadhay RN. Commercial cultivation of Aloe. Natural product radiance 2004; 3:85-87.
- [4] Perkins, Cyndi. "Is Aloe a Tropical Plant?". SFgate.com. [21] Retrieved 13 February 2016.
- [5] Anonymous (2006) For Aloe Vera as semi finish products like gel, powder and finish products like aloe Vera drink or fizzy tablets. Technology transfer and project management network, Enzyme consulting of biotechnology. http://www.ensymm.com/pdf/ ensymmProjectstudyAloeVeraproduction.pdf. Accessed on 5 October 2010.
- [6] Davis RH, Kabbani JM, Maro NP. Aloe Vera and wound healing. J Am Podiatric Med Assoc1987; 77:165-9.
- [7] Visuthikosol V, Chowchuen B, Sukwanarat Y, Sriurairatana S, Boonpucknavig V. Effect of Aloe Vera gel to healing of burn wound- a clinical and histologic study. J Med Assoc Thai 1995; 78:403-9.
- [8] Miller MB, Koltai PJ. Treatment of experimental frostbite with pentoxifylline and aloe Vera cream. Arch Otolaryngology Head Neck Surge 1995; 121:678-80.
- [9] Heggers JP, Pelley RP, Robson MC. Beneficial effects of Aloe in wound healing. Phytotherapy Res 1993; 7:S48-52.
- [10] Unani Pharmacopeia of India .Part-1 vol. 1. New Delhi: Department of Ayush; 2007 p.82-83.
- [11] Yates A. (2002) Yates Garden Guide. Harper Collins Australia
- [12] Random House Australia Botanica's Pocket Gardening Encyclopedia for Australian Gardeners Random House Publishers, Australia
- [13] Gong M, Wang F, Chen Y (2002). "[Study on application of arbuscular-mycorrhizas in growing seedings of Aloe

Vera]". Zhong Yao CAI (in Chinese). 25 (1): 1–3. PMID 12583231

- [14] https://www.aloe-medical-group.com/en/aloevera/botany.html
- [15] Nadkarni KM. Indian plants and Drugs. New Delhi; srishti book Distributors, 2004 p.28-29PMid:15129907.
- [16] Linnaeus, C. (1753). Species plantarum, exhibentes plants rite cognitas, ad genera relatas, cum differentiis specificis, nominibus trivialibus, synonymies selectees, loci's natalibus, secundum systema sexual digests Vol. 2 pp. [i], 561–1200, [1–30, index], [i, err.]. Holmiae [Stockholm]: Impensis Laurentii Salvii.
- [17] Newton LE (1979). "In defense of the name Aloe Vera". The Cactus and Succulent Journal of Great Britain. 41: 29–30
- [18] www.epharmacognosy.com/2012/03/aloes.html
- [19] 6.Davis, R. H., Donato, J. J., Hartman, G. M., and Haas, R. C. Anti-inflammatory and wound healing activity of a growth substance in Aloe Vera. J Am Podiatr.Med Assoc 1994; 84(2):77-81.
- [20] Pecere, T., Sarinella, F., Salata, C., Gatto, B., Bet, A., Della, Vecchia F., Diaspro, A., Carli, M., Palumbo, M., and Palu,
  G. Involvement of p53 in specific anti-neuroectodermal tumor activity of aloe-emodin. Int J Cancer 10-10-2003;
  106(6):836-847.

[21] Singh, R. P., Dhanalakshmi, S., and Rao, A. R. Chemo modulatory action of Aloe Vera on the profiles of in Sciencymes associated with carcinogen metabolism and antioxidant status regulation in mice. Phytomedicine 2000; 7(3):209-219.

- [22] 22.970212541aloevera.blogspot.com/2017/01/plant-6-647anatomy-and-morphology.html.
- [23] Atherton P. Aloe Vera revisited. Br J Phytother. 1998;4:76–83. [Google Scholar]
- [24] Atherton P. The essential Aloe Vera: The actions and the evidence. 2nd ed 1997. [Google Scholar]
- [25] Ro JY, Lee B, Kim JY, Chung Y, Chung MH, Lee SK, et al. Inhibitory mechanism of aloe single component (Alprogen) on mediator release in guinea pig lung mast cells activated with specific antigen-antibody reactions. J Pharmacol Exp There. 2000; 292:114–21. [PubMed] [Google Scholar]
- [26] Hunter JA, Salmon M, Stavinoha WB, Satsangi N, Williams RF, Streeper RT, et al. Anti-inflammatory Cglucosyl chromone from Aloe barbadensis. J Nat Prod. 1996; 59:541–3. [PubMed] [Google Scholar]
- [27] Chithra R Sajithlal GB, Chandrakasan G. Influence of aloe Vera on collagen characteristics in healing dermal wounds in rats. Mol Cell Biochem. 1998; 181:71–6. [PubMed] [Google Scholar]
- [28] Heggers J, Kucukcelebi A, Listengarten D, Stabenau J, Ko F, Broemeling LD, et al. Beneficial effect of aloe on wound healing in an excisional wound model. J Altern Complement Med. 1996; 2:271–7. [PubMed] [Google Scholar]
- [29] Chithra P, Sajithlal G, Chandrakasan G. Influence of aloe Vera on the glycosaminoglycan's in the matrix of

healing dermal wounds in rats. J Ethnopharmacol. 1998; 59:179–86. [PubMed] [Google Scholar]

- [30] S.Ito R. Teradaira, H.Beppu, M. Obata, T. Negates and K. Fujita, Properties and pharmacological activity of carboxpeptidase in aloe arborescens Mill.var. Natalensis Berger, Phytotherapy Research, vol 7, No.7 1993pp S26-S29. http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/ptr.2650070710.
- [31] L. Langmead, R.M. Feakins and S. Goldthorpe, Randomized, Doubled, Placebo-controlled Trail of oral aloe Vera gel for active Ulcerative Colitis, Alimentary Pharmacology & Therapeutic, vol,19 No, 7. 2004 pp.739-747.
- [32] West DP, Zhu YF. Evaluation of aloe Vera gel gloves in the treatment of dry skin associated with occupational exposure. Is J Infect Control? 2003; 31:40–2.
- [33] Sai Krishna Borra, Radha Krishna Lagisetty and Gownrinath Reddy Mallela. 2011. African Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmacology vol.5.pp.1867-1871.
- [34] 34. Wang, Z. W., Huang, Z. S., Yang, A. P., Li, C. Y., Huang, H., Lin, X., Liu, Z. C., and Zhu, X F. [Radio protective effect of aloe polysaccharides on three non-tumor cell 47. lines]. Ai. Zheng. 2005; 24(4):438-442.
- [35] Reynolds T, Dweck AC. Aloe Vera leaf gel: A review update. J Ethnopharmacol. 1999; 68:3–37. [PubMed] [Google Scholar]

- [36] S. Y. Peng, J.Norman, G Curtin D. Corrier, H. R.McDaniel and D.Busbee, Decreased Mortality of Norman Murine Sarcoma in Mice Treated with the Immuno-modulator, Acemannaon, Molecular Biotherapy, vol.3, 1991,pp.79-87.
- [37] Wang ZW Huang ZS Yang AP Li CY Huang H Lin X Liu ZC and Zhu XF Radioprotective effect of aloe polysaccharides on three non tumor cell 47 lines Ai Zheng 2005 24 4 438 442
- [38] West, Dennis P, Ya Fen Zhu, Evaluation of Aloe Vera gel gloves in dry skin associated with occupational exposure, American Journal of Infection Control, 31(1), 2003, 40-42.
- [39] Kumar KPS, Bhowmik D, Chiranjib and Biswajit, Aloe Vera: A Potential Herb and its Medicinal Importance, Journal of Chemistry and Pharmaceutical Research, 2(1), 2010, 21-29.
- [40] R.H Thomson, Naturally occurring Quinines, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Academy Press, London, 1971.
- [41] Yagi, A., Kabash, A., Mizuno, K., Moustafa, S. M., Khalifa, T. I., and Tsuji, H. Radical Scavenging Glycoprotein Inhibiting Cyclooxygenase-2 and Thromboxane A2 Synthase from Aloe Vera Gel. Planta Med. 2003; Clentif. 69(3):269-271.

